#### Gàidhlig (Scottish Gaelic) Local Profile Alba 1891: Page 1 of 4

# No. 045

Area: Gleann Eilg (Glenelg): Galltair, Gleann Mòr, Ceasag, Baile na h-Eaglaise, Gleann Eilg, Dubh Àirigh, Caol Reatha & Beàrnaraigh

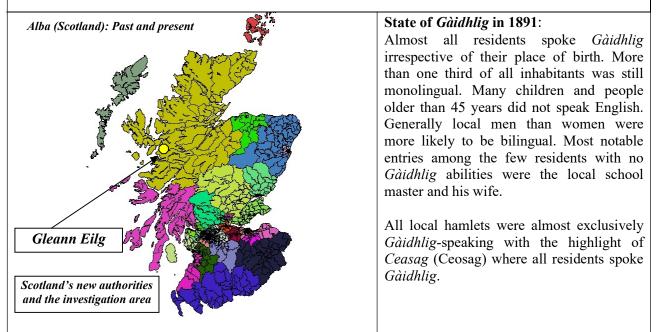
(Names of enumeration locations used on census forms: Galder, Glen More, Ceosag, Kirkton, Glenelg Hotel, Duarry, Kylerhea & Bernera) 61 257

Number of households:

**Population present at census night:** 

Share of resident population (aged three years or over) speaking *Gàidhlig*: 95.7 %

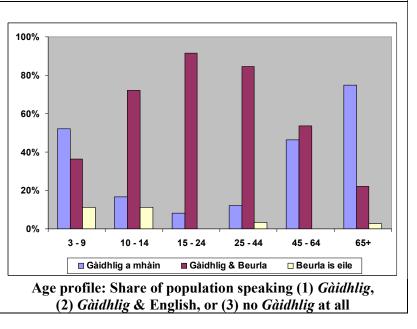
		v			
County	Civil parish	Registration district	Enumeration district	Census form pages	
			number		
Inverness	Glenelg	Glenelg	1	1 - 14	



## Area description:

The small communities under consideration are situated in the remote Gleann Eilg (Glenelg) district on the west coast of the old county of Inbhirnis (Inverness).

Generally, this was traditional crofting country with a small number of gamekeepers and shepherds employed on the local estates. In addition, some people were engaged in boat building and hotel keeping as the narrow Caol Reatha (Kyle Rhea) was an important gateway to An t-Eilean Sgitheanach (Isle of Skye).



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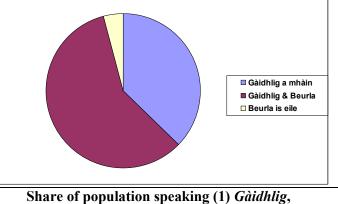
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	Population enumerated			Usually resident population (3+)				
	Total	Aged	Deaf	Visi-	Total <sup>4</sup>	Gàidhlig	Gàidhlig	Gàidhlig
		0-2	&	tors			&	speakers
			dumb	etc. <sup>3</sup>			English	(%)
Age								
Total	257	18	0	5	234	87	137	95.7 %
3-4	12		0	0	12	7	1	66.7 %
5-9	32		0	0	32	16	15	96.9 %
10-14	18		0	0	18	3	13	88.9 %
15-24	25		0	1	24	2	22	100 %
25-44	60		0	2	58	7	49	96.6 %
45-64	55		0	1	54	25	29	100 %
65+	37		0	1	36	27	8	97.2 %
Gender								
Female	140	10	0	1	129	55	71	97.7 %
Male	117	8	0	4	105	32	66	93.3 %
Place of birth								
Born in parish	177	14	0	2	161	64	92	96.9 %
In neighbouring parish <sup>1</sup>	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	100 %
<i>Gaidhealtachd</i> elsewhere <sup>2</sup>	48	0	0	3	45	13	31	97.8 %
Other places	31	4	0	0	27	10	13	85.2 %

### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup>Parishes of Glenshiel (Ross & Cromarty) or Arisaig & Moidart or Kilmonivaig (both Inverness-shire). <sup>2</sup> Other parishes in Scotland with more than 50 %
- Gàidhlig speakers in the 1891 census.
- <sup>3</sup>People described as visitors, boarders, lodgers or other similar terms.
- <sup>4</sup> Number of enumerated persons who were (1) older than 2 years of age, who were (2) not deaf & dumb and who (3) did not live only temporarily in the area.



(2) Gàidhlig & English, or (3) no Gàidhlig at all

## Background of Gàidhlig (Scottish Gaelic) Local Profiles:

The 1891 census was the first such enumeration exercise with an unequivocal language question. After more than 100 years the original census forms are publicly available for detailed analysis. During research concerned with the "Gàidhlig (Scottish Gaelic) Local Studies" a vast number of such local statistics have been gathered about the *Gàidhlig* speaking population of Scotland in that year. As many of these results could not be included in the reports these concise fact-sheets are a welcome way to publish some of the "local gems". More information is provided at http://www.linguae-celticae.de/GLP english.htm .

#### Gàidhlig (Scottish Gaelic) Local Profile Alba 1891: Page 3 of 4

# No. 045

Area: Gleann Eilg (Glenelg): Galltair, Gleann Mòr, Ceasag, Baile na h-Eaglaise, Gleann Eilg, Dubh Àirigh, Caol Reatha & Beàrnaraigh

	House-	Usually resident population (3+)				
	holds	Total	Gàidhlig	<i>Gàidhlig &amp;</i> English	Gàidhlig speakers (%)	
Gleann Eilg	61	234	87	137	95.7 %	
Individual communities						
<i>Galltair</i> (Galltair)	17	66	27	36	95.5 %	
Ceasag (Ceosag)	12	34	22	12	100 %	
Gleann Eilg (Glenelg)	21	82	17	60	93.9 %	
Dubh Àirigh & Caol Reatha (Duarry & Kylerhea)	5	19	5	13	94.7 %	
Beàrnaraigh (Bernera)	6	33	16	16	97.0 %	

Language of parents					
Both parents <i>Gàidhlig</i> speaking	17	105	38	62	95.2 %
Single parent <i>Gàidhlig</i> speaking	8	32	9	20	90.6 %
One parent <i>Gàidhlig</i> speaking	0	0	0	0	-
No <i>Gàidhlig</i> speaking parent	1	3	0	1	33.3 %
Households with no children (0-14)	35	40	40	54	100 %
Occupation of head of household					
Crofter, farmer, fisherman, etc.	16	64	30	34	100 %
Shepherd, gamekeeper or similar	3	11	0	10	90.9 %
Clergyman, teacher, physician, etc.	5	30	1	24	83.3 %
Mason, carpenter, merchant, etc.	12	68	26	42	100 %
Living on private means	0	0	0	0	-
Manager, coachman, cook, etc.	2	6	2	3	83.3 %
Worker, farm/domestic servant, etc.	21	55	28	24	94.5 %
Remaining occupations	0	0	0	0	-

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# No. 045

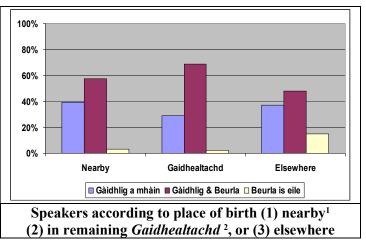
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## Place of birth and *Gàidhlig* speaking:

Around 40 % of all locally born residents did not speak English. Even those born outside the *Gaidhealtachd* were more likely than not speaking *Gàidhlig*.

## Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Born either in Glenelg or in the adjacent parishes of Glenshiel (Ross & Cromarty) or Arisaig & Moidart or Kilmonivaig (both Inverness-shire).
<sup>2</sup> Born in other parishes of Scotland with more than 50 % *Gàidhlig* speakers in the 1891 census.



## Remarks:

- 1. There were ten persons in the usually resident population who did not have a "G&E" or "G" marked on their registration sheet. Four census returns seem to have been genuine "English only" speakers: The local schoolmaster and his wife, a six-year-old boy (all born in Glasgow) and a 13-year-old boy who had moved to the area from London. Four three-year-old children were also reported with "no Gaelic". The remaining two doubtful "blank" entries in the language column came from a 71-year-old shoemaker (birthplace on Skye) and an 11 year old girl (born locally).
- 2. In original census report terms, the whole community in total had a population of 257 persons of all ages. 144 enumerated inhabitants spoke "Gaelic and English" and 89 persons were reported as monolingual *Gàidhlig* speakers. These figures led to an "official" share of *Gàidhlig* speakers of 90.7 %. A comparison with the more realistic statistics of this factsheet reveals that this percentage was a significant under-estimate of 5.0 % caused by the inclusion of under-three olds and visitors in the official population base.